## CIV-160607-CIV-DS1608931-PETENT-150602



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# **Petition Filed (Civil)**



ALLISON K. ARANDA – SBN 215021 1 LIFE LEGAL DEFENSE FOUNDATION COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SAN BERNARDINO DISTRICT P.O. Box 890685 2 Temecula, CA 92589 JUN 07 2016 Tel: (707) 227-6744 3 Fax: (951) 541-2711 4 Attorney for Petitioners 5 6 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA 7 IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO 8 9 UNLIMITED CIVIL JURISDICTION 10 11 Alex Pierce, a minor, by Sabrina Pierce his Case No. 12 mother. VERIFIED EX-PARTE PETITION FOR 13 Petitioner. TEMPORARY RESTRAINING 14 ORDER/INJUNCTION: REQUEST FOR ORDER OF INDENDENT V. 15 NEUROLOGICAL EXAM; REQUEST Loma Linda University Medical Center. 16 FOR ORDER TO MAINTAIN LEVEL OF MEDICAL CARE 17 Respondent. 18 19 I Sabrina Pierce am the mother of Alex Pierce who, on June 3, 2016 was involved 20 in a near drowning incident at Vista Murrieta High School. Alex attends Dorothy 21 22 McElhinney Middle School in Murrieta, CA. On June 3, 2016, Alex attended a school 23 sponsored pool party at Vista Murrieta High School. At one point in the evening, 24 students noticed Alex at the bottom of the pool. Students alerted the lifeguards to the 25 26 situation. Lifeguards placed Alex on a floating backboard in the pull and removed him 27 from the pool. 911 was called and Murrieta Fire paramedics arrived on the scene. 28

> - 1 -Petition for Temporary Restraining Order/Injunction and Other Orders

Murrieta Fire started CPR and detected a heartbeat and a pulse right away.

Murrieta Fire hooked Alex up to a ventilator and transported him to Inland Valley

Medical Center in Wildomar by ambulance. At Inland Valley, Alex received a CT scan
that revealed he did not have a spinal injury and that he did not have any broken bones.

Alex remained on a ventilator and continued to open his eyes and move his arms. Alex
remained Valley Medical Center for approximately 90 minutes until it was determined
that they could not provide the care Alex required. Alex was heliovacked to Loma Linda

Medical Center in Loma Linda.

Once at Loma Linda, Alex was stabilized. Sometime late Friday June 3<sup>rd</sup> or early June 4<sup>th</sup>, Alex was given and EEG to assess his brain activity. The EEG showed measurable brain activity. Alex continued to open his eyes. A CT scan revealed that Alex's heart and lungs were damaged, but given the proper treatment they could be healed.

Later Saturday evening, a neurologist examined Alex and diagnosed him with brain spasms. The spasms continued through the evening. Another neurologist examined Alex and diagnosed Alex with having brain seizures. The neurologist prescribed at least four different medications for Alex to try to stop the seizures. After several hours on the medications, Alex's seizures ceased. After receiving the medications for the brain seizures Alex's demeanor changed drastically. Alex no longer opened his eyes or moved his arms.

On Sunday June 5, 2016, Loma Linda University Medical Center informed the Pierce family that they were going to conduct a brain death test on Alex. The family ardently opposed the brain death test. Sabrina Pierce asked the hospital for time to get a second opinion about Alex's condition before the hospital performed the brain death test. The family is concerned that the brain death exam itself, specifically the apnea test during which Alex would be taken off the ventilator for several minutes and exposed to dangerous levels of CO2 in his blood, could cause further injury to Alex's brain.

I am a Christian and believe in the healing power of God. I do not want him pulled off life support. Loma Linda University Medical Center has said that they have the right to conduct the brain death test and if declared brain dead they claim they have the right to remove Alex from life support.

I am hereby asking that Loma Linda University Medical Center be prevented from removing my son, Alex Pierce, from his ventilator.

If Loma Linda removes Alex from a respirator and he stops breathing then they will have ended his life as well as their responsibility to provide his future care for the harm their negligence caused. For this reason we hereby request that an independent examination be performed, including the use of an EEG. I also request that Loma Linda University Medical Center be ordered to continue to provide such care and treatment to Alex that is necessary to maintain his physical health and promote any opportunity for healing and recovery of his brain and body. Failure to issue the Restraining Order will

result in irreversible and irreparable harm so a basis in both law and fact exists for this court's intervention.

#### MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

California Health and Safety Code Section 7180 (a) (The Uniform Determination of Death Act) provides for a legal determination of brain death as follows; "(a) An individual who has sustained either (1) irreversible cessation of circulatory and respiratory functions, or (2) irreversible cessation of all functions of the entire brain, including the brain stem, is dead. A determination of death must be made in accordance with accepted medical standards."

Health and Safety Code Section 7181 provides for an "independent" verification of any such determination stating; "When an individual is pronounced dead by determining that the individual has sustained an irreversible cessation of all functions of the entire brain, including the brain stem, there shall be *independent confirmation* by another physician."

As established by the Court in Dority v Superior Court (1983) 145 Cal.App.3d 273, 278, this Court has jurisdiction over the issue of whether a person is "brain dead" or not pursuant to Health and Safety Code Sections 7180 & 7181. Acknowledging the moral and religious implications of such a diagnosis and conclusion, the *Dority* court determined that it would be "unwise" to deny courts the authority to make such a determination when circumstances warranted.

Here, doctors from Loma Linda Medical Center have indicated that they intend to perform two brain death exams on Alex Pierce, including apnea tests and a cerebral perfusion test. Both of these exams will be performed by the same team in the same hospital. Only Loma Linda's physicians have examined Alex in regards to possible brain death.

Alex was seen at Inland Valley Medical Center immediately after his accident. At that time he was responding to me and moving his arms and legs. His EEG showed substantial brain activity. After Alex was transferred to Loma Linda, his attending physician made the decision to sedate him. Since that time, Alex has been unresponsive. As stated above, Alex's mother does not trust Loma Linda to be independent, given how they are responsible for his current condition and they have a conflict of interest in determining his condition. If Loma Linda can make a finding of brain death, they no longer have to pay for any of his care, while if he is severely brain damaged, but not brain dead, they may be legally liable to provide his ongoing care and treatment at Loma Linda or elsewhere.

Only one other case of this type is on record in California, namely the case of Jahi McMath which was heard in Alameda County in December of 2013. That case, one of first impression, where Nailah Winkfield challenged Children's Hospital Oakland's determination of brain death after they negligently treated her daughter, Jahi, led to an Order, issued by Hon E. Grillo, holding that an independent determination is one which is performed by a physician with no affiliation with the hospital facility (in that case

Children's Hospital Oakland) which was believed to have committed the malpractice which led to the debilitating brain injuries Jahi suffered. A true and correct copy of Indge Grillo's Order is attached to this Petition. In the McMath case, the Trial Court rejected the Hospital's position that the Court had no jurisdiction over the determination of whether not Jahi McMath was "brain dead" or not.

In *McMath*, Judge Grillo stated that the Section 7180's language regarding "accepted medical standards" permitted an inquiry into whether the second physician (also affiliated with Children's Hospital Oakland) was "independent" as that term was defined under Section 7181. Judge Grillo determined that the petitioner's due process rights would be protected by a focused proceeding providing limited discovery and the right to the presentation of evidence.

The Court determined that, under circumstances which are strikingly similar to those which present themselves here, the conflict presented was such that the court found that the Petitioner was entitled to have an independent physician, unaffiliated with Children's Hospital Oakland, preform neurological testing, an EEG and a cerebral blood flow study. Indeed, the Court Ordered Children's Hospital Oakland to permit the Court's own court appointed expert to be given temporary privileges and access to the Hospital's facilities, diagnostic equipment, and technicians necessary to perform an "independent" exam.

In a Nevada Supreme Court case with similar facts, the court unanimously questioned whether the American Association of Neurology guidelines that are used to

determine brain death in both Nevada and California, "adequately measure all functions of the entire brain, including the brain stem." *In re Guardianship of Hailu*, 131 Nev. Adv. Op. 89. (Nov. 16, 2015). In that case, Aden Hailu, a young college student, went into cardiac arrest during emergency surgery for severe stomach pain and subsequently suffered a brain injury. The hospital performed three EEGs, which showed some brain activity, yet doctors still proceeded to declare her brain dead pursuant to Nevada's brain death statute, which is identical to California's. Both states use the same guidelines to determine brain death, namely those developed by the American Association of Neurology. In this case, Loma Linda wants to proceed with a brain death exam, even though Alex's EEGs show brain activity.

As stated above, the American Association of Neurology's brain death exam includes two separate apnea tests, during which patients are taken off the ventilator for up to ten minutes to see if they will take a spontaneous breath. During this time, CO2 builds up in the blood to dangerous levels. This buildup of CO2 can cause severe brain damage and even death. See Coimbra Declaration.

As in *Dority* and *McMath*, the unique circumstances of this case invoke the Court's jurisdiction and due process considerations require that this Court grant Petitioner's Petition for a Temporary Restraining Order and order that Loma Linda University Medical Center permit Petitioner to obtain an independent medical examination at Loma Linda with the assistance of the Medical Center's diagnostic

equipment and technicians necessary to carry out a repeat EEG and a cerebral blood flow study.

In order to provide the requisite physical conditions for a reliable set of tests to be performed, Alex Pierce should continue to be treated so as to provide his optimum physical health and in such a manner so as to not interfere with the neurological testing (such as the use of sedatives or paralytics).

## WHEREFORE, petitioner prays:

- 1) That a Temporary Restraining Order be issued precluding Respondents from performing any apnea tests on Alex Pierce be issued;
- 2) That an Order be issued precluding Respondents from removing Alex Pierce from respiratory support, or removing or withholding medical treatment;
- 3) That an Order be issued that Respondents are to provide Alex Pierce treatment to maintain his optimum physical health, including nutrition and thyroid hormone as needed, in such a manner so as to not interfere with the neurological testing (such as the use of sedatives or paralytics in such a manner and/or at such time that they may interfere with the accuracy of the results).
- 4) That an Order be issued that Petitioner is entitled to an independent neurological examination, with the assistance of Loma Linda University Medical Center's diagnostic equipment and technicians necessary to carry out a repeat EEG and a Cerebral Blood Flow Study.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed on June 7, 2016, at San Bernardino, California.