JAMDA 24 (2023) 321





journal homepage: www.jamda.com

Editorial

AMDA Updated Statement on Stopping Eating and Drinking by Advance Directives (SED by AD)





Board of Directors, Christopher E. Laxton CAE*

AMDA – The Society for Post-Acute and Long-Term Care Medicine, Columbia, MD, USA

This article has been retired as the official policy of AMDA – The Society for Post-Acute and Long-Term Care Medicine. Stopping eating and drinking by advance directives (SED by AD) is a complex issue that requires careful consideration of all ethical principles.¹ AMDA

encourages all practitioners to carefully consider and evaluate each request for SED by AD individually in the context of clinical and biopsychosocial factors, within the ecosystem of facility, local, state, and federal policy.

E-mail address: claxton@paltc.org.

https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jamda.2022.12.016

1525-8610/© 2022 AMDA - The Society for Post-Acute and Long-Term Care Medicine.

^{*} Address correspondence to Christopher E. Laxton, CAE, AMDA – The Society for Post-Acute and Long-Term Care Medicine, 9891 Broken Land Parkway, Suite 101, Columbia, MD 21046, USA.

¹ The AMA Code of Medical Ethics' Opinions on Care at the End of Life. Opinion 2. 20 - Withholding or Withdrawing Life-Sustaining Medical Treatment states: "The social commitment of the physician is to sustain life and relieve suffering. Where the performance of one duty conflicts with the other, the preferences of the patient should prevail." https://journalofethics.ama-assn.org/article/ama-code-medicalethics-opinions-care-end-life/2013-12